Introduced by Assembly Member Jerome Horton

December 13, 2002

An act to add Division 8.6 (commencing with Section 22970) to the Business and Professions Code, to add Section 15618.5 to the Government Code, to amend Section 830.11 of the Penal Code, and to amend Sections 30436, 30449, 30473.5, 30474, and 30481 of, to amend, repeal, and add Section 30166 of, to add Sections 30019, 30163.1, 30166.1, 30474.1, and 30482 to, and to add Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 30210) and Article 5 (commencing with Section 30355) to Part 13 of Division 2 of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to cigarettes and tobacco products, making an appropriation therefor, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 71, as introduced, Jerome Horton. State and local government. (1) The Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law requires distributors and wholesalers of cigarette and tobacco products to be licensed by the State Board of Equalization. The Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law also requires a tax imposed by that law with respect to distributions of cigarettes to be paid by distributors through the use of stamps or meter register settings, and requires that these stamps or meter register settings be affixed to each package of cigarettes sold. Existing law further provides that the possession, selling, or buying of false or fraudulent stamps or meter register settings with a tax value greater than \$750 is a crime.

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This bill would create the California Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003 to provide for the licensure by the State Board of Equalization of manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, importers, and retailers of cigarette or tobacco products that are engaged in business in California. The bill would prohibit retailers, manufacturers, distributors, and wholesalers from distributing or selling those cigarette and tobacco products unless they are licensed. The bill would authorize the board to suspend or revoke the license of any manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, importer, or retailer of tobacco products that is in violation of the bill's provisions. The bill would prohibit a manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, importer, or retailer from selling counterfeit cigarette and tobacco products and would provide that a violation of that prohibition is a crime. The bill would impose specified fines or imprisonment for possessing, selling, or buying false or fraudulent cigarette tax stamps.

The bill also would require manufacturers and importers of cigarette products that provide those products to distributors or wholesalers to pay the board a fee for cigarettes sold in this state.

The bill would require all moneys collected pursuant to its provisions to be deposited in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund, which would be created in the State Treasury, and all funds therein would be available for appropriation by the Legislature for specified purposes. This bill would appropriate from that fund the amount of \$11,000,000, subject to specified conditions, for the 2003–04 fiscal year for the purpose of implementing, enforcing, and administering the California Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003. This bill would also require that a specified portion of moneys collected, with respect to a new tax on cigarettes as proposed to be enacted in another bill, be deposited into that fund.

(2) Existing law provides that all records, with specified exceptions, of the Department of Motor Vehicles are confidential and are not open to public inspection.

This bill would authorize the State Board of Equalization to obtain copies of photographs of California licensees from the Department of Motor Vehicles for the purpose of enforcing California's tax laws.

(3) Existing law requires the State Board of Equalization to administer various taxes and fees, including taxes with respect to cigarettes and tobacco products, alcoholic beverages, motor vehicle fuel, and diesel fuel among others.

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This bill would authorize persons designated by the Executive Director of the State Board of Equalization to exercise the arrest powers of a peace officer in the enforcement of the taxes and fees administered by the State Board of Equalization.

(4) Under existing law, states' attorneys general and various tobacco product manufacturers have entered into a Master Settlement Agreement (MSA), in settlement of various lawsuits, that provides for the allocation of money to the states and certain territories. The state has entered into a memorandum of understanding providing for the allocation of the state's share of moneys to be received under the MSA between the state and counties and certain cities in the state. Existing law requires any tobacco product manufacturer selling cigarettes to consumers in California to place specified amounts into a qualified escrow fund by April 15 of each year.

This bill would require the Attorney General to develop and post on the Attorney General's Internet Web site a list of tobacco product manufacturers that are participating manufacturers under the MSA, and that have made all required escrow payments and provided related information to the Attorney General. This bill would require the Attorney General's Internet Web site to also include specified brand families, as defined, that have been identified by the tobacco product manufacturers. The bill would prohibit any tax stamp or meter impression to be affixed unless the tobacco product manufacturer and brand family in question is included on the Attorney General's list. The bill would give the Attorney General and the board specified authority and duties in this regard. This bill would impose specified penalties, applicable to a tobacco product manufacturer or distributor, for failure to comply with the various provisions of the bill, including civil penalties. The bill would also make it a misdemeanor for a tobacco product manufacturer to make certain false representations relating to the tobacco product manufacturer's responsibilities under the bill, thus creating a state-mandated local program.

(5) Existing law provides for a discount of 0.85% of the value of a stamp or meter register settings in the sale of those items to licensed distributors of cigarettes and tobacco products.

This bill would instead apply a discount in the amount of 0.39 mils per cigarette, with respect to a proposed increase in the cigarette taxes as proposed in another bill. This bill would provide that this adjustment would only become operative upon the enactment of the increase of cigarette taxes, as proposed by another bill, and would only apply that

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adjustment to that portion of the value of the stamp or meter impressions attributable to that tax increase.

(6) Existing law requires that certain cigarette and tobacco products be forfeited to the state under specified circumstances, upon seizure by the board.

This bill would add to the forfeiture list cigarette and tobacco products to which cigarette tax stamps or meter impressions are affixed in violation of the specified prohibitions under the MSA.

- (7) This bill would also establish procedures under the Cigarette Tax Law for imposing taxes on sellers of black market cigarettes and tobacco products, and procedures for the seizure and sale of property secured by liens for delinquencies under the Cigarette Tax Law.
- (8) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: ²/₃. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Division 8.6 (commencing with Section 22970) 1 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read: 3 4 DIVISION 8.6. CALIFORNIA CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS LICENSING ACT OF 2003 5 6 7 CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS 8 9 22970. This division shall be known as and may be cited as the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003. 10 22970.1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 11 12 following: (a) The State of California has enacted excise taxes on the 13 distribution of cigarettes and tobacco products to provide funding __5__ AB 71

for local and state programs, including health services, antismoking campaigns, cancer research, and education programs.

- (b) Tax revenues have declined by hundreds of millions of dollars per year due, in part, to unlawful distributions and untaxed sales of cigarettes and tobacco products conducted by organized crime syndicates, street gangs, and international terrorist groups.
- (c) The enforcement of California's cigarette and tobacco products tax laws is necessary to collect millions of dollars in lost tax revenues each year.
- (d) The licensing of manufacturers, importers, wholesalers, distributors, and retailers will help stem the tide of untaxed distributions and illegal sales of cigarettes and tobacco products.
- 22970.2. The board shall administer a statewide program to license manufacturers, importers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers of cigarettes and tobacco products.
- 22970.3. The board may create a Tobacco Tax Compliance Task Force for the purpose of advising the board on cigarette and tobacco products tax compliance issues that may include, but not be limited to, representatives from the following:
 - (a) The board.

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- (b) The office of the Attorney General.
 - (c) The Franchise Tax Board.
 - (d) The Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
 - (e) The State Department of Health Services.
 - (f) Federal agencies necessary to coordinate programs to combat tobacco tax evasion, smuggling, and counterfeiting.
 - (g) One person from each of the categories of persons required by this division to have a license.
 - (h) Other states engaged in tobacco tax compliance efforts.
- 22971. For purpose of this division, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (a) "Board" means the State Board of Equalization.
- (b) "Importer" means an importer as defined in Section 30019 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (c) "Distributor" means a distributor as defined in Section 30011 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- 37 (d) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer of cigarettes sold in 38 this state.
- 39 (e) "Retailer" means a person who engages in this state in the 40 sale of cigarettes or tobacco products directly to the public from

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a retail location. Retailer includes a person who operates vending machines from which cigarettes or tobacco products are sold in 3 this state.

- (f) "Retail location' means both of the following:
- (1) A store or building from which cigarettes or tobacco products are sold at retail.
 - (2) A vending machine.

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- (g) "Wholesaler" means a wholesaler as defined in Section 30016 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (h) "Cigarette" means a cigarette as defined in Section 30003 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (i) "License" means a license issued by the board pursuant to this division.
- (j) "Licensee" means any person holding a license issued by the board pursuant to this division.
- (k) "Sale" or "sold" means a sale as defined in Section 30006 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (1) "Tobacco products" means tobacco products as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 30121 and subdivision (b) of Section 30131.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (m) "Unstamped package of cigarettes" means a package of cigarettes that does not bear a tax stamp as required under Part 13 (commencing with Section 30001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, including a package of cigarettes that bears a tax stamp of another state or taxing jurisdiction, or that bears a counterfeit tax stamp.
- (n) "Person" means a person as defined in Section 30010 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (o) "Package of cigarettes" means a package containing 20 individual cigarettes.
- (p) "Carton of cigarettes" means a container containing 10 packages of cigarettes.
- (q) "Case of cigarettes" means a container containing 60 cartons of cigarettes, or 600 packages of cigarettes.
- (r) (1) "Control" or "controlling" means possession, direct or indirect, of the power:
- (A) To vote 25 percent or more of any class of the voting securities issued by a person.
- (B) To direct or cause the direction of the management and 40 policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting

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securities, by contract (other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services), or otherwise provided; however, no individual shall be deemed to control a person solely on account of being a director, officer, or employee of such person.

- (2) For purposes of subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, a person who, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds, with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing 10 percent or more of the then outstanding voting securities issued by another person, is presumed to control such other person.
- (3) For purposes of this division, the board may determine whether a person in fact controls another person.
- 22971.1. Commencing January 1, 2006, the Bureau of State Audits shall conduct a performance audit of the licensing and enforcement provisions of this division, and shall report its findings to the board and the Legislature by July 1, 2006. The report shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) The actual costs of the program.
- (b) The level of additional revenue generated by the program compared to the period before its implementation.
 - (c) Tax compliance rates.
 - (d) The costs of enforcement at the varying levels.
 - (e) The appropriateness of penalties assessed in this division.
 - (f) The overall effectiveness of enforcement programs.
- 22971.2. The board shall administer and enforce the provisions of this division and may prescribe, adopt, and enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of this division.
- 22971.3. (a) Nothing in this division preempts or supersedes any local tobacco control law other than those related to the collection of state taxes.
- (b) A local licensing scheme may include, but is not limited to the following:
- (1) Penalties for violation of local laws regulating the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco products, including the suspension or revocation of the local license.
- (2) Provisions for the suspension or revocation of the local license for violation of state laws regulating the retail sale of cigarettes and tobacco products.

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Chapter 2. License for Retailers of Cigarettes and Tobacco Products

- 22972. (a) Commencing July 1, 2003, a retailer shall have in place and maintain a license to engage in the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products. A retailer that owns or controls more than one retail location shall obtain a separate license for each retail location, but may submit a single application for those licenses.
- (b) The retailer shall conspicuously display the license at each retail location in a manner visible to the public.
- (c) A license shall not be assignable or transferable. A person who obtains a license as a retailer who ceases to do business as specified in the license, or who never commenced business, or whose license is suspended or revoked, shall immediately surrender the license to the board.
- 22973. (a) An application for a license shall be filed on or before the last day of December 2002, on a form prescribed by the board and shall include the following:
 - (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant.
- (2) The business name, address, and telephone number of each retail location. For applicants who control more than one retail location, an address for receipt of correspondence or notices from the board, such as a headquarters or corporate office of the retailer, shall also be included on the application and listed on the license. Citations issued to licensees shall be forwarded to all addressees on the license.
- (3) A statement by the applicant affirming that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony and has not violated and will not violate or cause or permit to be violated any of the provisions of this division or any rule of the board applicable to the applicant or pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cigarettes or tobacco products. If the applicant is unable to affirm this statement, the application shall contain a statement by the applicant of the nature of any violation or the reasons that will prevent the applicant from complying with the requirements with respect to the statement.
- (4) If any other licenses or permits have been issued by the board or the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to the applicant, the license or permit number of such licenses or permits then in effect.

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(5) A statement by the applicant, under penalty of perjury, that the contents of the application are complete, true, and correct.

(6) The signature of the applicant.

- (7) Any other information the board may require.
- (b) The board may investigate to determine the truthfulness and completeness of the information provided in the application. The board may issue a license without further investigation to an applicant for a retail location if the applicant holds a valid license from the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control for that same location.
- (c) The board shall provide electronic means for applicants to download and submit applications.
- (d) A license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall be submitted with each application. An applicant that owns or controls more than one retail location shall obtain a separate license for each retail location, but may submit a single application for those licenses with a license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) per location.
- 22973.1. (a) The board shall issue a license to a retailer upon receipt of a completed application and payment of the fees prescribed in Section 22973, unless any of the following apply:
- (1) The retailer, or if the retailer is not an individual, any person controlling the retailer, has previously been issued a license that is suspended or revoked by the board for violation of any of the provisions of this division.
- (2) The application is for a license or renewal of a license for a retail location that is the same retail location as that of a retailer whose license was revoked or is subject to revocation proceedings for violation of any of the provisions of this division, unless:
- (A) It has been more than five years since a previous license for the retail location was revoked.
- (B) The person applying for the license provides the board with documentation demonstrating that the applicant has acquired or is acquiring the premises or business in an arms length transaction. For purposes of this section, an "arm's length transaction" is defined as a sale in good faith and for valuable consideration that reflects the fair market value in the open market between two informed and willing parties, neither under any compulsion to participate in the transaction. A sale between relatives, related companies or partners, or a sale for the primary purpose of

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avoiding the effect of the violations of this division that occurred at the retail location, is presumed not to be made at "arm's length."

- (3) The retailer, or if the retailer is not an individual, any person controlling the retailer, has been convicted of a felony pursuant to Section 30473 or 30480 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (4) The retailer does not possess all required permits or licenses required under the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) (1) Any retailer who is denied a license may petition for a redetermination of the board's denial of the license within 30 days after service upon that retailer of the notice of the denial of the license. If a petition for redetermination is not filed within the 30-day period, the determination of denial becomes final at the expiration of the 30-day period.
- (2) Every petition for redetermination shall be in writing and shall state the specific grounds upon which the petition is founded. The petition may be amended to state additional grounds at anytime prior to the date on which the board issues its order or decision upon the petition for redetermination.
- (3) If the petition for redetermination is filed within the 30-day period, the board shall reconsider the determination of the denial and, if the retailer has so requested in the petition, shall grant the retailer an oral hearing and shall give the retailer at least 10 days' notice of the time and place of the hearing. The board may continue the hearing from time to time as may be necessary.
- (4) The order or decision of the board upon a petition for redetermination becomes final 30 days after mailing of notice thereof.
- (5) Any notice required by this subdivision shall be served personally or by mail. If by mail, the notice shall be placed in a sealed envelope, with postage paid, addressed to the retailer at the address as it appears in the records of the board. The giving of notice shall be deemed complete at the time of deposit of the notice in the United States Post Office, or a mailbox, subpost office, substation or mail chute or other facility regularly maintained or provided by the United States Postal Service, without extension of time for any reason. In lieu of mailing, a notice may be served personally by delivering to the person to be served and service shall be deemed complete at the time of such delivery. Personal service to a corporation may be made by delivery of a notice to any

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person designated in the Code of Civil Procedure to be served for the corporation with summons and complaint in a civil action.

22973.2. The board shall, upon request, provide to the State Department of Health Services, the office of the Attorney General, a law enforcement agency, and any agency authorized to enforce local tobacco control ordinances, access to the board's database of licenses issued to retailers within the jurisdiction of that agency or law enforcement agency. The agencies authorized by this section to access the board's database shall only access and use the board's database for purposes of enforcing tobacco control laws and shall adhere to all state laws, policies, and regulations pertaining to the protection of personal information and individual privacy.

22974. A retailer shall retain purchase invoices that meet the requirements set forth in Section 22978.4 for all cigarettes or tobacco products the retailer purchased for a period of four years. If a retail location is a store or building, which includes a residence, the records shall be kept at the retail location for at least one year after the purchase. Invoices shall be made available upon request during normal business hours for review inspection and copying by the board or by a law enforcement agency. Any retailer found in violation of these requirements or any person who fails, refuses, or neglects to retain or make available invoices for inspection and copying in accordance with this section shall be subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.

22974.3. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this division, upon discovery by the board or a law enforcement agency that a retailer possesses, stores, owns, or has made a retail sale of an unstamped package of cigarettes, the board or the law enforcement agency shall be authorized to seize unstamped packages of cigarettes at the retail location. Any cigarettes seized by a law enforcement agency shall be delivered to the board within seven days, unless otherwise required to be used as evidence in an administrative, criminal, or civil proceeding, or as part of an ongoing law enforcement investigation. Any cigarettes seized by the board or delivered to the board by a law enforcement agency shall be deemed forfeited and the board shall comply with procedures set forth in Part 13 (commencing with Section 30436) of Division 2 of Chapter 7.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. In addition to the retailer's inventory of unstamped packages of cigarettes being subject to forfeiture and seizure, the possession,

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 storage, ownership, or retail sales of unstamped packages of cigarettes by a retailer shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by the following actions:

- (1) A first violation involving seizure of a total quantity of less than 20 packages of unstamped cigarettes shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment.
- (2) A second violation within five years involving a seizure of a total quantity of less than 20 packages of unstamped cigarettes shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) but not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation of the license.
- (3) A first violation involving seizure of a total quantity of 20 packages of unstamped cigarettes or more shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment.
- (4) A subsequent violation within five years involving seizure of a quantity of 20 packages of unstamped cigarettes or more shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) but not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation of the license.
- (b) Upon discovery by the board or a law enforcement agency that a retailer possesses, stores, owns, or has made a retail sale of tobacco products on which tax is due but has not been paid to the board, the board or law enforcement agency is authorized to seize such tobacco products at the retail location. Any tobacco products seized by a law enforcement agency shall be delivered to the board within seven days, unless otherwise required to be used as evidence in an administrative, criminal, or civil proceeding, or as part of an ongoing law enforcement operation. Any tobacco products seized by the board or delivered to the board by a law enforcement agency shall be deemed forfeited and the board shall comply with procedures set forth in Part 13 (commencing with Section 30436) of Division 2 of Chapter 7.5 of the Revenue and

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Taxation Code. It shall be presumed that tax has not been paid to the board on all tobacco products in the possession of a retailer until the contrary is established by a proof of payment to the board or by a purchase invoice that shows that the retailer paid the tax included purchase price to a licensed distributor, wholesaler, manufacturer, or importer as described in Section 22978.4. The burden of proof that tax has been paid on tobacco products shall be upon the retailer in possession thereof. Possession of untaxed tobacco products on which tax is due but has not been paid as required is a violation of this division and subjects the retailer to the actions described in Section 22981.

22974.4. The board shall revoke the license, pursuant to the provisions applicable to the revocation of a license as set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, of any retailer or any person controlling the retailer that has:

- (a) Been convicted of a felony pursuant to Section 30473 or 30480 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) Had any permit or license revoked under any provision of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- 22974.5. Any retailer who fails to display a license as required in Section 22972 shall, in addition to any other applicable penalty, be liable for a penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 22974.6. Upon suspension or revocation of the license of a retailer by the board pursuant to this chapter, the board shall notify by E-mail all licensed distributors, wholesalers, manufacturers, and importers of the suspension or revocation within 48 hours.
- 22974.7. In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, upon a finding that a retailer has violated any provision of this division, the board may take the following actions:
- (a) In the case of the first offense, the board may revoke or suspend the license or licenses of the retailer pursuant to the procedures applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) In the case of a second or any subsequent offense, in addition to the action authorized under subdivision (a), the board may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of either of the following:
- (1) Five times the retail value of the cigarettes or tobacco products defined as cigarettes under this section.

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(2) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

CHAPTER 3. LICENSE FOR WHOLESALERS AND DISTRIBUTORS OF CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS

- 22975. (a) In addition to licenses required pursuant to Part 13 (commencing with Section 30001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, commencing July 1, 2003, every distributor and every wholesaler shall annually obtain and maintain a license to engage in the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products.
- (b) Licenses shall be valid for a calendar year period upon payment of the fee prescribed in Section 22977.1, unless surrendered, suspended, or revoked prior to the end of the calendar year, and may be renewed each year upon payment of such fee.
- (c) A license shall not be assignable or transferable. A person who obtains a license as a distributor or as a wholesaler who ceases to do business as specified in the license, or who never commenced business, or whose license is suspended or revoked, shall immediately surrender the license to the board.
- 22976. A distributor or a wholesaler that, at the time of application, holds a valid license issued by the board pursuant to Section 30140 or 30155 of the Revenue and Taxation Code may be issued a license without further investigation.
- 22977. (a) An application for a license shall be on a form prescribed by the board and shall include the following:
 - (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant.
- (2) The business name, address, and telephone number of each location where cigarettes or tobacco products will be sold. For applicants who control more than one location, an address for receipt of correspondence or notices from the board, such as a headquarters or corporate office, shall also be included in the application and listed on the license. Citations issued to licensees shall be forwarded to all addressees on the license.
- (3) A statement by the applicant affirming that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony and has not violated and will not violate or cause or permit to be violated any of the provisions of this division or any rule of the board applicable to the applicant or pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cigarettes or tobacco products. If the applicant is unable to affirm this statement, the application shall contain a statement by the

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applicant of the nature of any violation or the reasons that will prevent the applicant from complying with the requirements with respect to the statement.

- (4) If any other licenses or permits have been issued by the board or the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to the applicant, the license or permit numbers for such licenses or permits then in effect.
- (5) A statement by the applicant, under penalty of perjury, that the contents of the application are complete, true, and correct.
 - (6) Signature of the applicant.

- (7) Any other information the board may require.
- (b) The board may investigate to determine the truthfulness and completeness of the information provided in the application.
- (c) The board shall provide electronic means for applicants to download and submit applications.
- (d) Any person or licensee convicted of a felony pursuant to Section 30473 or 30480 of the Revenue and Taxation Code or any person who controls such person or licensee, shall not be issued a license, or if that person holds a license, that license shall be revoked.
- 22977.1. (a) Every distributor and every wholesaler shall file an application, as prescribed in Section 22977, by the last day of March 2003. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each location. The fee shall be for a calendar year and shall not be prorated. Subject to meeting the requirements of this section and Section 22977.2, the board shall issue a license.
- (b) Every distributor and every wholesaler who commences business after the last day of December 2002, or who commences selling or distributing cigarettes or tobacco products at a new or different place of business in this state after the last day of December 2002, shall file with the board an application as prescribed in Section 22977 at least 30 days prior to commencing such business or commencing such sales or distributions; and all distributors and all wholesalers that fail to timely file an application for a license under subdivision (a) shall file with the board an application as prescribed in Section 22977. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each location. The fee shall be for a calendar year and shall not be prorated. Subject to Section 22977.2, the board, within

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1 30 days after receipt of an application and payment of the proper fee shall issue a license.

- 22977.2. (a) The board shall issue a license to a distributor or a wholesaler upon receipt of a completed application and payment of the fee prescribed in Section 22977.1, unless any of the following apply:
- (1) The distributor or the wholesaler, or if the distributor or the wholesaler is not an individual, any person controlling the distributor or the wholesaler, has previously been issued a license that is suspended or revoked by the board for violation of any of the provisions of this division.
- (2) The application is for a license or renewal of a license for a distributor or a wholesaler, whose license is revoked or revocation is pending, unless:
- (A) It has been more than five years since a distributor's or a wholesaler's previous license was revoked.
- (B) The person applying for the license provides the board with documentation demonstrating that the applicant has acquired or is acquiring the business in an arms length transaction. For purposes of this section, an "arm's length transaction" is defined as a sale in good faith and for valuable consideration that reflects the fair market value in the open market between two informed and willing parties, neither under any compulsion to participate in the transaction. A sale of the business between relatives, related companies or partners, or a sale for the primary purpose of avoiding the effect of the violations of state tobacco control laws that were committed by the distributor or wholesaler is presumed not to be made at "arm's length."
- (3) The distributor or the wholesaler, or if the distributor or the wholesaler is not an individual, any person controlling the distributor or the wholesaler has been convicted of a felony pursuant to Section 30473 or 30480 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) (1) Any distributor or any wholesaler who is denied a license may petition for a redetermination of the board's denial of the license within 30 days after service upon that distributor or that wholesaler of the notice of the denial of the license. If a petition for redetermination is not filed within the 30-day period, the determination of denial becomes final at the expiration of the 30-day period.

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(2) Every petition for redetermination shall be in writing and shall state the specific grounds upon which the petition is founded. The petition may be amended to state additional grounds at anytime prior to the date on which the board issues its order or decision upon the petition for redetermination.

- (3) If the petition for redetermination is filed within the 30-day period, the board shall reconsider the determination of the denial and, if the distributor or the wholesaler has so requested in the petition, shall grant the distributor or wholesaler an oral hearing and shall give the distributor or the wholesaler at least 10 days' notice of the time and place of the hearing. The board may continue the hearing from time to time as may be necessary.
- (4) The order or decision of the board upon a petition for redetermination becomes final 30 days after mailing of notice thereof.
- (5) Any notice required by this subdivision shall be served personally or by mail. If by mail, the notice shall be placed in a sealed envelope, with postage paid, addressed to the distributor or the wholesaler at the address as it appears in the records of the board. The giving of notice shall be deemed complete at the time of deposit of the notice in the United States Post Office, or a mailbox, subpost office, substation or mail chute or other facility regularly maintained or provided by the United States Postal Service, without extension of time for any reason. In lieu of mailing, a notice may be served personally by delivering to the person to be served and service shall be deemed complete at the time of such delivery. Personal service to a corporation may be made by delivery of a notice to any person designated in the Code of Civil Procedure to be served for the corporation with summons and complaint in a civil action.
- 22978. The board shall, upon request, provide to the State Department of Health Services, the office of the Attorney General, a law enforcement agency, and any agency authorized to enforce local tobacco control ordinances, access to the board's database of licenses issued to distributors and wholesalers for locations within the jurisdiction of that agency or law enforcement agency. The agencies authorized by this section to access the board's database shall only access and use the board's database for purposes of enforcing tobacco control laws and shall adhere to all state laws,

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policies, and regulations pertaining to the protection of personal information and individual privacy.

22978.1. All distributors and all wholesalers shall retain purchase records that meet the requirements set forth in Section 22978.5 for all cigarettes or tobacco products purchased. The records shall be maintained for a period of one year from the date of purchase on the distributor's or the wholesaler's premises identified in the license, and thereafter, the records shall be made available for inspection by the board or a law enforcement agency for a period of four years. Any distributor or any wholesaler found in violation of these requirements, or any person who fails, refuses, or neglects to retain or make available invoices for inspection and copying in accordance with this section shall be subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.

22978.2. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this division, upon discovery by the board or a law enforcement agency that a distributor possesses, stores, owns, or has made a sale of an unstamped package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit California state tax stamp or that a wholesaler possesses, stores, owns, or has made a sale of an unstamped package of cigarettes, the board or the law enforcement agency shall be authorized to seize the unstamped packages of cigarettes at the distributor's or the wholesaler's location. Any cigarettes seized by a law enforcement agency shall be delivered to the board within seven days, unless otherwise required to be used as evidence in an administrative, criminal, or civil proceeding, or as part of an ongoing law enforcement investigation. Any cigarettes seized by the board or delivered to the board by a law enforcement agency shall be deemed forfeited and the board shall comply with procedures set forth in Part 13 (commencing with Section 30436) of Division 2 of Chapter 7.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. In addition to the distributor's or wholesaler's inventory of unstamped packages of cigarettes being subject to seizure and forfeiture, the possession, storage, ownership or sale by a distributor or wholesaler of the unstamped package of cigarettes in the manner described above, shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by the following actions:

(1) A first violation involving seizure of a total quantity of less than 20 unstamped packages of cigarettes shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or — 19 — AB 71

imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment.

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- (2) A second violation within five years involving seizure of a total quantity of less than 20 unstamped packages of cigarettes shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) but not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation of the license.
- (3) A first violation involving seizure of a total quantity of 20 unstamped packages of cigarettes or more shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment.
- (4) A second violation within five years involving seizure of a total quantity of 20 unstamped packages of cigarettes or more shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) but not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation of the license.
- (b) Upon discovery by the board or a law enforcement agency that a distributor or a wholesaler possesses, stores, owns, or has made a sale of tobacco products on which tax is due but has not been paid to the board, the board or law enforcement agency is authorized to seize such tobacco products at the distributor or wholesaler location. Any tobacco products seized by a law enforcement agency shall be delivered to the board within seven days, unless otherwise required to be used as evidence in an administrative, criminal, or civil proceeding, or as part of an ongoing law enforcement operation. Any tobacco products seized by the board or delivered to the board by a law enforcement agency shall be deemed forfeited and the board shall comply with procedures set forth in Part 13 (commencing with Section 30436) of Division 2 of Chapter 7.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. It shall be presumed that tax has not been paid to the board on all tobacco products in the possession of a distributor or a wholesaler until the contrary is established by the distributor's proof of payment to the board or by a purchase invoice that shows that the wholesaler paid the tax included purchase price to a licensed

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distributor, wholesaler, manufacturer, or importer as described in Section 22978.4. The burden of proof that tax has been paid on

- 3 tobacco products shall be upon the distributor or wholesaler in
- 4 possession thereof. Possession by a distributor or a wholesaler of
- 5 tobacco products on which tax is due but has not been paid as
- 6 required is a violation of this division and subjects the distributor 7 or wholesaler to the actions described in Section 22981.
 - 22978.3. In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, upon a finding that a distributor or a wholesaler has violated any provision of this division, the board may take the following actions:
 - (a) In the case of the first offense, the board may revoke or suspend the license or licenses of the distributor or the wholesaler pursuant to the procedures applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
 - (b) In the case of a second or any subsequent offense, in addition to the action authorized under subdivision (a), the board may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of either of the following:
 - (1) Five times the retail value of the cigarettes or tobacco products defined as cigarettes under this section.
 - (2) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
 - 22978.4. (a) Each distributor and each wholesaler shall include the following information on each invoice for the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products:
 - (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the distributor or wholesaler.
 - (2) The license number of the distributor or the wholesaler as provided by the board.
 - (3) The amount of excise taxes due to the board by the distributor on the sale of cigarettes and tobacco products.
 - (4) The name, address, and license number of the retailer, distributor, or wholesaler to whom cigarettes or tobacco products are sold.
 - (5) An itemized listing of the cigarettes or tobacco products sold.
 - (b) Each invoice for the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products shall be legible and readable.
 - (c) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall be a misdemeanor subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.

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22978.5. (a) Each distributor and each wholesaler of cigarette and tobacco products subject to licensing under this chapter shall maintain accurate and complete records relating to the sale of those products, including, but not limited to, receipts, invoices, and other records as may be required by the board, during the past four years with invoices for the past year to be maintained on the premises for which the license was issued, and shall make these records available upon request by a the board or a law enforcement agency.

- (b) Failure of a distributor or a wholesaler to comply with this section shall be a misdemeanor subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.
- 22978.6. The board shall revoke the license, pursuant to the provisions applicable to the revocation of a license as set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, of any distributor or any wholesaler or any person controlling any distributor or any wholesaler that has:
- (a) Been convicted of a felony pursuant to Section 30473 or 30480 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) Had any permit or license revoked under any provision of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- 22978.7. In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, upon a finding that any distributor or any wholesaler has violated any provision of this division, the board may take the following actions:
- (a) In the case of the first offense, the board may revoke or suspend the license or licenses of the distributor or the wholesaler pursuant to the procedures applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) In the case of a second or any subsequent offense, in addition to the action authorized under subdivision (a), the board may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of either of the following:
- (1) Five times the retail value of the cigarettes or tobacco products defined as cigarettes under this section.
 - (2) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

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Chapter 4. License and Administration Fee for Manufacturers and Importers

22979. (a) Commencing on April 1, 2003, every manufacturer and every importer, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 22971, shall obtain and maintain a license to engage in the sale of cigarettes. In order to be eligible for obtaining and maintaining a license under this division, a manufacturer or importer shall do all of the following in the manner specified by the board:

- (1) Submit to the board a list of all brand families that they manufacture or import.
- (2) Update the list of all brand families that they manufacture or import whenever a new or additional brand is manufactured or imported, or a listed brand is no longer manufactured or imported.
- (3) Consent to jurisdiction of the California courts for the purpose of enforcement of this division and appoint a registered agent for service of process in this state and identify the registered agent to the board.
- (b) In order to be eligible for obtaining and maintaining a license under this division, a manufacturer or importer that is a "tobacco product manufacturer" in subdivision (i) of Section 104556 of the Health and Safety Code, shall do all of the following in the manner specified by the board:
- (1) Certify to the board, under penalty of perjury, that it is a "participating manufacturer" as defined in subsection II(jj) of the "Master Settlement Agreement" (MSA), or is in full compliance with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (2) Submit to the board a list of all brand families that fit under the category applicable to the manufacturer or importer, in accordance with the following:
- (A) Brand families that are to be counted, in the unit volume and market shares determined pursuant to subsections II(z) and II(mm) of the MSA and Exhibit E thereto, in calculating the manufacturer's annual payments under the MSA.
- (B) Brand families that are to be counted in calculating the manufacturer's escrow deposits under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code.

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(C) The manufacturer or importer shall update the list whenever a new or additional brand is manufactured or imported or a listed brand is no longer manufactured or imported.

- (c) The board shall not grant or permit the maintenance of a license to any manufacturer or an importer of cigarettes that does not affirmatively certify, under penalty of perjury, both at the time the license is granted and annually thereafter, that all packages of cigarettes manufactured or imported by that person and distributed in this state fully comply with subdivision (b) of Section 30163 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and that the cigarettes contained in those packages are the subject of filed reports that fully comply with all requirements of the federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 13355a et seq.) for the reporting of ingredients added to cigarettes.
- (d) (1) Any manufacturer or any importer who is denied a license may petition for a redetermination of the board's denial of the license within 30 days after service upon that manufacturer or that importer of the notice of the denial of the license. If a petition for redetermination is not filed within the 30-day period, the determination of denial becomes final at the expiration of the 30-day period.
- (2) Every petition for redetermination shall be in writing and shall state the specific grounds upon which the petition is founded. The petition may be amended to state additional grounds at anytime prior to the date on which the board issues its order or decision upon the petition for redetermination.
- (3) If the petition for redetermination is filed within the 30-day period, the board shall reconsider the determination of the denial and, if the manufacturer or the importer has so requested in the petition, shall grant an oral hearing and shall give the manufacturer or the importer at least 10 days' notice of the time and place of the hearing. The board may continue the hearing from time to time as may be necessary.
- (4) The order or decision of the board upon a petition for redetermination becomes final 30 days after mailing of notice thereof.
- (5) Any notice required by this subdivision shall be served personally or by mail. If by mail, the notice shall be placed in a sealed envelope, with postage paid, addressed to the manufacturer or the importer at the address as it appears in the records of the

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and complaint in a civil action.

board. The giving of notice shall be deemed complete at the time of deposit of the notice in the United States Post Office, or a mailbox, subpost office, substation or mail chute or other facility regularly maintained or provided by the United States Postal Service, without extension of time for any reason. In lieu of mailing, a notice may be served personally by delivering to the person to be served and service shall be deemed complete at the time of such delivery. Personal service to a corporation may be made by delivery of a notice to any person designated in the Code of Civil Procedure to be served for the corporation with summons

- 22979.1. (a) An application for a license by a manufacturer or by an importer shall be on a form prescribed by the board and shall include the following:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant. The business name, address, and telephone number of the corporate offices. Citations issued to licensees shall be forwarded to all addressees on the license.
- (2) License number for any other valid licenses or permits issued by the board.
- (3) Signature of the applicant under oath to verify application information.
- (4) The name, address, and telephone number of the person designated by the manufacturer or the importer as its agent for receipt of service of process in this state.
 - (5) Any other information the board may require.
- (b) The board may conduct an inquiry to determine whether the applicant complies with the provisions of this division.
- (c) The board shall provide electronic means for applicants to download and submit applications.
- 22979.2. (a) On or before June 1, 2003, every manufacturer and every importer shall pay to the board an administration fee. The amount of the administration fee shall be one cent (\$0.01) per package of cigarettes (1) manufactured or imported by the manufacturer or the importer and (2) shipped into this state during the 2002 calendar year as reported to the board. The board shall notify each manufacturer and each importer of the amount due under this section.
- (b) This section shall apply to every manufacturer and every importer required to be licensed pursuant to Section 22975. All

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manufacturers and all importers that may become eligible for licensure on or after December 1, 2002, shall be notified by the board of the appropriate fee due and shall pay that fee within 90 days of notification.

- (c) All manufacturers and all importers that begin operations in the state after enactment of this division shall be charged a fee commensurate with their respective marketshare of (1) cigarettes manufactured or imported by the manufacturer and (2) sold in this state during the next calendar year as estimated by the board. The fee shall be at an amount not less than that paid pursuant to subdivision (a) by the smallest manufacturer and shall not be more than that paid by the eighth largest manufacturer.
- (d) The board shall administer this fee in accordance with the Fee Collection Procedures Law, Part 30 (commencing with Section 55001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. 22979 3. The board shall upon request, provide to the State

22979.3. The board shall, upon request, provide to the State Department of Health Services, the office of the Attorney General, a law enforcement agency, and any agency authorized to enforce local tobacco control ordinances, access to the board's database of licenses issued to manufacturers and importers for locations within the jurisdiction of that agency or law enforcement agency. The agencies authorized by this section to access the board's database shall only access and use the board's database for purposes of enforcing tobacco control laws and shall adhere to all state laws, policies, and regulations pertaining to the protection of personal information and individual privacy.

22979.4. All manufacturers and importers shall retain purchase records that meet the requirements set forth in Section 22979.5 for all cigarettes or tobacco products purchased and other records required by the board. The records shall be maintained for a period of one year from the date of purchase on the manufacturer's or importer's premises identified in the license, and thereafter, the records shall be made available for inspection by the board or a law enforcement agency for a period of four years. Any manufacturer or importer found in violation of these requirements, or any person who fails, refuses, or neglects to retain or make available invoices for inspection and copying in accordance with this section shall be subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.

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 22979.5. (a) Each manufacturer and each importer of cigarette and tobacco products subject to licensing under this chapter shall maintain accurate and complete records relating to the sale of those products, including, but not limited to, receipts, invoices, and other records as may be required by the board, during the past four years with invoices for the past year to be maintained on the premises for which the license was issued, and shall make these records available upon request by a representative of the board or a law enforcement agency.

- (b) Failure of a manufacturer or an importer to comply with this section shall be a misdemeanor subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.
- 22979.6. (a) Each manufacturer and each importer shall include the following information on each invoice for the sale for distribution, wholesale, or retail sale of cigarettes or tobacco products:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the manufacturer, or importer.
- (2) The license number of the manufacturer or importer as provided by the board.
- (3) The name, address, and license number of the distributor, or wholesaler, or retailer to whom cigarettes or tobacco products are sold.
- (4) An itemized listing of the cigarettes or tobacco products sold.
- (b) Each invoice for the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products shall be legible and readable.
- (c) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall be a misdemeanor subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.
- 22979.7. In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, upon a finding that a manufacturer or importer has violated any provision of this division, the board may take the following actions:
- (a) In the case of the first offense, the board may revoke or suspend the license or licenses of the manufacturer or importer pursuant to the procedures applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- 38 (b) In the case of a second or any subsequent offense, in addition to the action authorized under subdivision (a), the board

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may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of either of the following:

- (1) Five times the retail value of the cigarettes or tobacco products defined as cigarettes under this section.
 - (2) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

CHAPTER 5. INSPECTIONS, PROHIBITIONS, AND PENALTIES

22980. (a) (1) Any peace officer, or board employee granted limited peace officer status pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 830.11 of the Penal Code, upon presenting appropriate credentials, is authorized to enter any place as described in paragraph (3) and to conduct inspections in accordance with the following paragraphs, inclusive.

- (2) Inspections shall be performed in a reasonable manner and at times that are reasonable under the circumstances, taking into consideration the normal business hours of the place to be entered.
- (3) Inspections may be at any place at which cigarettes or tobacco products are sold, produced, or stored or at any site where evidence of activities involving evasion of cigarette or tobacco products tax may be discovered.
- (4) Inspections shall be requested or conducted no more than once in a 24-hour period.
- (b) Any person that refuses to allow an inspection shall be subject to the penalties imposed pursuant to Section 22981.
- 22980.1. (a) No manufacturer shall sell cigarettes to a distributor, wholesaler, importer, or retailer who is not licensed pursuant to this division or whose license has been suspended or revoked.
- (b) No distributor, wholesaler, or importer shall sell cigarettes or tobacco products to a retailer, wholesaler, or distributor who is not licensed pursuant to this division or whose license has been suspended or revoked.
- (c) No retailer, distributor, wholesaler, or importer shall purchase packages of cigarettes from a manufacturer who is not licensed pursuant to this division or whose license has been suspended or revoked.
- (d) No retailer, distributor, wholesaler, or importer shall purchase cigarettes or tobacco products from a retailer, distributor,

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wholesaler, or importer who is not licensed pursuant to this division or whose license has been suspended or revoked.

- (e) Each separate sale to, or by, an unlicensed retailer, wholesaler, distributor, importer, or manufacturer shall constitute a separate violation.
- (f) No manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, or importer may sell cigarette and tobacco products to any retailer whose license has been suspended or revoked unless all existing cigarette or tobacco tax debts of the retailer for the purchase of cigarette and tobacco products have been cleared, all outstanding debts owed to a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor for cigarette products is paid, and a license has been reinstated by the board. Any taxes paid by a retailer to the board pursuant to this section for which a distributor had already paid the taxes shall be refunded or credited to that distributor. Any payment received from a retailer, distributor, or wholesaler shall be credited to the outstanding debt provision of this act and must be immediately reported to the board by the licensee who has placed a lien as allowed by this act. The board shall determine the debt status of a suspended retailer licensee 25 days prior to the reinstatement of the license. A wholesaler or distributor may place a lien on the retailer not later than 15 days prior to the reinstatement of a suspended license.
- (g) No importer, distributor, or wholesaler, or distributor functioning as a wholesaler, or retailer, shall purchase, obtain, or otherwise acquire any package of cigarettes to which a stamp or meter impression may not be affixed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 30163 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, or any cigarettes obtained from a manufacturer or importer that cannot demonstrate full compliance with all requirements of the federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 13335a et seq.) for the reporting of ingredients added to cigarettes.
- (h) Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall be a misdemeanor subject to penalties pursuant to Section 22981.
- 34 22980.2. (a) A person or entity required to be licensed under 35 this division that engages in the business of selling cigarettes or 36 tobacco products in this state without a license or after a license has been suspended or revoked, and each officer of any corporation that so engages in business, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable
- as provided in Section 22981.

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(b) Each day after notification by a law enforcement agency that a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, importer, or retailer required to be licensed under this act offers cigarette and tobacco products for sale or exchange without a valid license for the location from which they are sold shall constitute a separate violation.

- (c) Continued sales after a notification of suspension or revocation shall constitute a violation of Section 22981, and shall result in the seizure of all cigarettes and tobacco products in the possession of the person by the board or a law enforcement agency. Any cigarettes and tobacco products seized by the board or by a law enforcement agency shall be deemed forfeited.
- 22980.3. (a) Licenses issued pursuant to this division shall be subject to suspension or revocation for violations of the provisions of this division or the Revenue and Taxation Code as provided in this section.
- (1) In addition to any applicable fines or penalties for a violation, upon first conviction of a violation a licensee shall receive a written notice from the board detailing the suspension and revocation provisions of this act. At its discretion, the board may also suspend a license for up to 30 days.
- (2) In addition to any applicable fines or penalties for a violation, upon a second conviction of a violation within four years of a previous violation the license shall be revoked.
- (b) The date of the occurrence of a violation shall be used to calculate the duration between subsequent violations. A violation shall be noted in the license record at the board only after judicial conviction or final adjudication of a violation. Upon updating a record for a violation triggering a suspension, the board shall serve the licensee with a notice of suspension and shall order the license holder to immediately cease the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products.
- (c) Upon notice of suspension, the board shall serve the licensee with a notice of suspension and shall order the licensee to immediately cease the sale of cigarettes or tobacco products. Continued sales after the notification of suspension shall constitute a violation of the licensing provisions of this division and shall result in the revocation of a license.
- (d) Upon completion of a suspension period, a license shall be reinstated by the board upon certification that all existing cigarette

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or tobacco tax debts of the retailer for the purchase of cigarette and tobacco products have been cleared, and all outstanding debts owned to a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor for cigarette products is paid.

- (e) After a revocation, a previously licensed applicant may apply for a new license after six months. The board may, at its discretion, issue a new license.
- (f) Upon updating a license record for a violation, suspension, or revocation to a license of a person or entity that owns or controls more than one location, the board shall send notice in writing of the violations, suspensions, or revocations within 15 days of the board's action to the address included in the application and listed on the license for receipt of correspondence or notices from the board.
- (g) Upon suspension or revocation of a license pursuant to this section, the board shall notify all licensed distributors and wholesalers by E-mail within 48 hours.
- (h) Violations by a licensee at one location shall not be accumulated against other locations of that same licensee. Violations accumulated against a prior owner at a licensed location shall not be accumulated against a new owner at the same licensed location.
- (i) For purposes of this section, a violation includes violations of the Revenue and Taxation Code relating to cigarettes and tobacco products, and violations of this division. Only one violation per discrete action shall be counted towards a suspension or revocation of a license.
- 22981. Any violation of this division by any person, except as otherwise provided, is a misdemeanor. Each offense shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or imprisonment not exceeding one year in a county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment. The court shall order any fines assessed be deposited in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund.
- 22982. Any prosecution for a violation of any of the penal provisions of this division shall be instituted within four years after the commission of the offense.

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CHAPTER 6. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS

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- 22990. (a) All moneys collected pursuant to this division shall be deposited in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund, which is hereby created in the State Treasury. No moneys in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund shall be used to supplant state or local General Fund money for any purpose. All funds, except as provided pursuant to subdivision (b), in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund are available for expenditure, upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- (b) In addition to the moneys collected pursuant to this division, an amount equal to 0.85 percent of the revenues collected pursuant to Section _____ of the Revenue and Taxation Code, less an amount equal to 99.15 percent of the total discount authorized for all distributors by Section 30166 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be transferred, on a quarterly basis, from the General Fund to the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund.
- SEC. 2. Section 15618.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 15618.5. Notwithstanding Section 1808.5 of the Vehicle Code, the board, as a board, individually, or through its staff, may obtain copies of full face engraved pictures or photographs of licensees directly from the Department of Motor Vehicles for the purposes of enforcing the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- SEC. 3. Section 830.11 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 830.11. (a) The following persons are not peace officers but may exercise the powers of arrest of a peace officer as specified in Section 836 and the power to serve warrants as specified in Sections 1523 and 1530 during the course and within the scope of their employment, if they receive a course in the exercise of those powers pursuant to Section 832. The authority and powers of the persons designated under this section shall extend to any place in the state:
- (1) Persons employed by the Department of Financial 36 Institutions designated by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of, and investigations relating to, the provisions of law administered by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions.

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(2) Persons employed by the Department of Real Estate designated by the Real Estate Commissioner, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of the laws set forth in Part 1 (commencing with Section 10000) and Part 2 (commencing with Section 11000) of Division 4 of the Business and Professions Code. The Real Estate Commissioner may designate persons under this section, who at the time of their designation, are assigned to the Special Investigations Unit, internally known as the Crisis Response Team.

- (3) Persons employed by the State Lands Commission designated by the executive officer, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of the law relating to the duties of the State Lands Commission.
- (4) Persons employed as investigators of the Investigations Bureau of the Department of Insurance, who are designated by the Chief of the Investigations Bureau, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of the Insurance Code and other laws relating to persons and businesses, licensed and unlicensed by the Department of Insurance, who are engaged in the business of insurance.
- (5) Persons employed as investigators and investigator supervisors of the Consumer Services Division or the Rail Safety and Carrier Division of the Public Utilities Commission who are designated by the commission's executive director and approved by the commission, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of the law as that duty is set forth in Section 308.5 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (6) Persons employed by the State Board of Equalization, Investigations Division, who are designated by the board's executive director, provided that the primary duty of these persons shall be the enforcement of laws administered by the State Board of Equalization.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, persons designated pursuant to this section shall not carry firearms.
- (c) Persons designated pursuant to this section shall be included as "peace officers of the state" under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 11105 for the purpose of receiving state summary criminal history information and shall be furnished that information on the same basis as peace officers of the state designated in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 11105.

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1 SEC. 4. Section 30019 is added to the Revenue and Taxation 2 Code, to read:

- "Importer" means any purchaser for resale in the 3 30019. United States of cigarettes manufactured outside of the United 5 States.
 - SEC. 5. Section 30163.1 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

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- 30163.1. (a) The following definitions shall apply for purposes of this section:
- (1) "Brand family" means all styles of cigarettes sold under the same trademark and differentiated from one another by means of additional modifiers including, but not limited to, "menthol," "lights," "kings," and "100s."
- (2) "Cigarette" has the same meaning as in subdivision (d) of Section 104556 of the Health and Safety Code and includes tobacco products defined as a cigarette under that subdivision.
- (3) "MSA" means the Master Settlement Agreement, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 104556 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (4) "Participating manufacturer" has the same meaning as defined in subsection II(jj) of the MSA.
- (5) "Tobacco product manufacturer" has the same meaning as in subdivision (i) of Section 104556 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (b) No person shall affix, or cause to be affixed, any tax stamp or meter impression to a package of cigarettes pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 30163, or pay the tax levied pursuant to Sections 30123 and 30131.2 on a tobacco product defined as a cigarette under this section, unless the brand family of the cigarettes or tobacco product, and the tobacco product manufacturer that makes or sells the cigarettes or tobacco product, are included on the list posted by the Attorney General pursuant to subdivision (c).
- (c) (1) Not later than 60 days after the effective date of the act 34 adding this section, and annually thereafter, on May 15, the Attorney General shall develop and post on the Attorney General's Internet Web site a list that includes both of the following:
- (A) All tobacco product manufacturers that have complied 38 with subdivision (d).

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(B) All brand families, and only brand families, identified by tobacco product manufacturers under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (d).

- (2) The Attorney General shall not include on the list required by this subdivision any tobacco product manufacturers or brand families excluded or removed pursuant to subdivision (e). The Attorney General shall update the list as necessary, and shall promptly provide distributors with written notice of each tobacco product manufacturer and brand family that the Attorney General has added to, or excluded or removed from, the list. Distributors shall provide the Attorney General with a current address for the receipt of written notice by electronic mail.
- (d) (1) In order for a tobacco product manufacturer and its brand families to be included on the list required by subdivision (c), the manufacturer shall do all of the following, in the manner specified by the Attorney General:
- (A) Certify to the Attorney General that it is a participating manufacturer, or is in full compliance with paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (B) Submit to the Attorney General a list of all brand families that fit under the category applicable to the manufacturer, in accordance with the following:
- (i) Brand families that are to be counted, in the unit volume and market shares determined pursuant to subsections II(z) and II(mm) of the MSA and Exhibit E thereto, in calculating the manufacturer's annual payments under the MSA.
- (ii) Brand families that are to be counted, in calculating the manufacturer's escrow payments under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (C) Certify to the Attorney General that it is in compliance with subdivision (i), if applicable to the manufacturer.
- (2) A tobacco product manufacturer may update the list that it submits to the Attorney General pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).
- (3) The Attorney General shall provide each tobacco product 36 manufacturer that has provided all certifications and other information required by paragraph (1) with a written acknowledgment of receipt within seven business days after receiving the certifications and other materials. The Attorney General shall provide any distributor, at its request, with a copy of

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the most recent written acknowledgment of receipt provided to the tobacco product manufacturer.

- (e) (1) The Attorney General may exclude or remove from the list required by subdivision (c) a tobacco product manufacturer or any of its brand families, based on a determination that the manufacturer is not a participating manufacturer and has not made all escrow payments required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, in accordance with that subdivision, or has not complied with subdivision (i). Before the exclusion or removal may take effect, the Attorney General shall notify the manufacturer of this determination.
- (2) Upon receiving notice from the Attorney General pursuant to paragraph (1), the manufacturer may challenge the Attorney General's determination as erroneous, and may seek relief from the determination, by filing a petition for writ of mandate pursuant to Section 1085 of the Code of Civil Procedure for that purpose in the Superior Court for the County of Sacramento, or as otherwise provided by law. The filing of the petition shall operate to stay the Attorney General's determination, if the manufacturer has paid into escrow the full amount of any deficiency in the escrow payments that the Attorney General has determined the tobacco product manufacturer was required to have made under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, including any installment payments required under subdivision (i), pending final resolution of the action.
- (f) (1) In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, upon a finding that a distributor has violated subdivision (b), the board may take the following actions:
- (A) In the case of the first offense, the board may revoke or suspend the license or licenses of the distributor pursuant to the procedures applicable to the revocation of a license set forth in Section 30148.
- (B) In the case of a second or any subsequent offense, in addition to the action authorized under subparagraph (A), the board may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of either of the following:
- (i) Five times the retail value of the cigarettes or tobacco products defined as cigarettes under this section.
 - (ii) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

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(2) A distributor in any action for a violation of subdivision (b) shall have a defense provided that either of the following is true:

- (A) At the time of the violation, the cigarettes or tobacco products claimed to be the subject of the alleged violation belonged to a brand family that was included on the list required by subdivision (c).
- (B) At the time of the violation, the distributor possessed a copy of the Attorney General's most recent written acknowledgment of receipt of the certifications and other information required as a condition of including the brand family on the list required by subdivision (c).
- (3) The defense described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) shall not be available to a distributor if, at the time of the violation, the Attorney General had provided the distributor with written notice that the brand family had been excluded or removed from the list required by subdivision (c), or the distributor failed to provide the Attorney General with a current address for the receipt of written notice through electronic mail as required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (c).
- (g) If a distributor affixes a stamp or meter impression to a package of cigarettes under subdivision (a) of Section 30163, or pays the tax levied under Sections 30123 and 30131.2 on a tobacco product defined as a cigarette under this section, during the period between the date on which the brand family of the cigarettes or tobacco product was excluded or removed from the list required by subdivision (c) and the date on which the distributor received notice of the exclusion or removal under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), then both of the following shall apply:
- (1) The distributor shall be entitled to a credit for the tax paid by the distributor with respect to the cigarettes to which the stamp or meter impression was affixed. The distributor shall comply with regulations prescribed by the board regarding refunds and credits that are adopted pursuant to Section 30177. If the distributor has sold the cigarettes to a wholesaler or retailer, and has received payment from the wholesaler or retailer, the distributor shall provide the credit to the wholesaler or retailer.
- (2) The brand family shall not be included on or restored to the list until the tobacco product manufacturer has reimbursed the distributor for the cost to the distributor of the cigarettes or tobacco

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product to which the stamp or meter impression was affixed, or the tax paid, during that period.

- (h) (1) Pursuant to Section 30454, the board may require those distributors that affix stamps or meter impressions to packages of cigarettes under subdivision (a) of Section 30161, or that pay the tax levied under Sections 30123 and 30131.2 on a tobacco product defined as a cigarette under this section, to submit all information necessary to enable the Attorney General to determine whether a tobacco product manufacturer has made all escrow payments required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, if applicable to the manufacturer, and has complied with subdivision (i), if applicable to the manufacturer.
- (2) The Attorney General may require tobacco product manufacturers to submit all information that the Attorney General deems necessary to enable the Attorney General to determine whether a manufacturer has made all escrow payments required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, and has complied with subdivision (i) and with paragraph (2) of subdivision (g), if applicable to the manufacturer.
- (i) (1) The Attorney General may require each tobacco product manufacturer subject to the requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code to make the escrow payments required by that paragraph in quarterly installments during the year in which the sales covered by those payments are made.
- (2) Each tobacco product manufacturer subject to the requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code shall do all of the following:
- (A) Appoint a registered agent for service of process in the state and identify the registered agent to the Attorney General.
- (B) Certify, under penalty of perjury, that all escrow payments required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code have been made by all other tobacco product manufacturers that previously made or sold brand families identified under subdivision (d), or brand styles included within those brand families. However, if the brand family or brand style was made or sold by the manufacturer making the certification before the effective date of this section, the manufacturer shall be

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required only to identify those predecessor manufacturer or manufacturers.

- (C) Provide to each distributor to whom it sells or ships cigarettes, or a tobacco product defined as a cigarette under this section, a copy of each acknowledgment of receipt provided to the manufacturer by the Attorney General under paragraph (3) of subdivision (d).
- (j) Any tobacco product manufacturer that falsely represents any of the following to any person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor for each false representation:
 - (1) Any information required under subdivision (d).
- (2) That the tobacco product manufacturer is a participating manufacturer.
- (3) That the tobacco product manufacturer or any other person has made any or all escrow payments required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, if applicable to the manufacturer.
- (4) That it has complied with subdivision (i), or with paragraph (2) of subdivision (g), if applicable to the manufacturer.
- (k) The board and the Attorney General may exchange information as is reasonably necessary for the enforcement and administration of this section.
- (*l*) The Attorney General may adopt rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of this section. The rules and regulations may establish procedures for including in the list described in subdivision (c) tobacco product manufacturers that are not participating manufacturers and were not required to make escrow payments under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 104557 of the Health and Safety Code, for sales made during any preceding calendar year, and brand families of those manufacturers.
- SEC. 6. Section 30166 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 30166. (a) Stamps and meter register settings shall be sold at their denominated values less 0.85 percent to licensed distributors.
- 36 Payment for stamps or meter register settings shall be made at the
- 37 time of purchase, provided that a licensed distributor, subject to the
- 38 conditions and provisions of this article, may be permitted to defer
- 39 payments therefor.

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(b) This section shall cease to be operative upon the operative date of the tax imposed under Article 4 (commencing with Section _____) of Chapter 2 of this part.

- SEC. 7. Section 30166 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
 - 30166. (a) Stamps and meter register settings shall be sold to licensed distributors at their denominated values less a discount, applied as provided in subdivision (c), equivalent to .39 mills (\$0.00039) per cigarette.
 - (b) The board may revise the discount authorized by subdivision (a) upon the renewal of the Cigarette Tax Stamp Contract to reflect any changes in the average actual costs associated with the application of stamps and meter impressions to cigarette packages as determined in accordance with Section 30166.1.
 - (c) The discount authorized by this section shall only apply to that portion of the stamps and meter register settings attributable to the taxes imposed pursuant to Section _____. The discount authorized by this section may not be applied to that portion of the stamps and meter impressions attributable to the taxes imposed under Sections 30101, 30123, and 30131.2.
 - (d) Payment for stamps or meter register settings shall be made at the time of purchase, provided that a licensed distributor, subject to the conditions and provisions of this article, may be permitted to defer payments therefor.
 - (e) This section shall become operative upon the operative date of the tax imposed under Article 4 (commencing with Section ____) of Chapter 2 of this part.
 - SEC. 8. Section 30166.1 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 30166.1. No later than July 1, 2004, the board shall submit a report to the Legislature that evaluates the average actual costs, including labor for applying indicia or impressions, bonding, warehousing, and leasing stamping equipment, including case cutters and packers, associated with applying stamps or meter impressions to cigarette packages. This report shall be updated every two years.
- 38 SEC. 9. Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 30210) is 39 added to Chapter 4 of Part 13 of Division 2 of the Revenue and 40 Taxation Code, to read:

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Article 2.5. Payment by Unlicensed Persons

 30210. If any person becomes a cigarette or tobacco products distributor without first securing a license, the tax, and applicable penalties and interest, if any, become immediately due and payable on account of all cigarettes or tobacco products distributed. All cigarettes or tobacco products manufactured in this state or transported to this state, and no longer in the possession of the unlicensed distributor, are considered to have been distributed.

30211. The board shall forthwith ascertain as best it may the amount of the cigarettes or tobacco products distributed and shall determine immediately the tax on that amount, adding to the tax a penalty of 25 percent of the amount of tax or five hundred dollars (\$500), whichever is greater, and shall issue a jeopardy determination to the unlicensed person pursuant to Section 30241 and give the unlicensed person notice per Section 30244 of the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law. However, where the board determines that the failure to secure a license was due to reasonable cause, the penalty may be waived. Sections 30242 and 30243 shall be applicable with respect to the finality of the determination and the right of the unlicensed person to petition for a redetermination.

Any person seeking to be relieved of the penalty shall file with the board a statement under penalty of perjury setting forth the facts upon which he or she bases the claim for relief.

30212. The board shall forthwith collect the tax, penalty, and interest due from the unlicensed person by seizure and sale of property in the manner prescribed for the collection of a delinquent monthly tax.

30213. In the suit, a copy of the jeopardy determination certified by the board shall be prima facie evidence that the unlicensed person is indebted to the state in the amount of the tax, penalties, and interest computed as prescribed by Section 30223.

30214. The foregoing remedies of the state are cumulative.

30215. No action taken pursuant to this article relieves the unlicensed person in any way from the penal provisions of this part.

SEC. 10. Article 5 (commencing with Section 30355) is added to Chapter 5 of Part 13 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

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Article 5. Seizure and Sale

30355. Whenever any person is delinquent in the payment of the obligations imposed under this part, the board or its authorized representative may seize any property, real or personal, subject to the lien of the tax and thereafter sell the property, or a sufficient part of it, at public auction to pay the tax due together with any interest and penalties imposed for the delinquency and any costs incurred on account of the seizure and sale.

30356. Notice of the sale and the time and place thereof shall be given in writing at least 20 days before the date set for the sale to the delinquent person and to all persons who have an interest of record in the property seized. The notice shall be personally served or enclosed in an envelope addressed to the person at his or her last known residence or place of business in this state. If not personally served, the notice shall be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid. The notice shall be published pursuant to Section 6063 of the Government Code, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the city in which the property or a part thereof is situated if any part thereof is situated in a city or, if not, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the property or a part thereof is located. Notice shall also be posted in both of the following manners:

- (a) One public place in the city in which the interest in property is to be sold if it is to be sold in a city or, if not to be sold in a city, one public place in the county in which the interest in the property is to be sold.
- (b) One conspicuous place on the property. The notice shall contain a description of the property to be sold, a statement of the amount due, including tax, penalties, interest, and costs, the name of the person, and the further statement that unless the amount is paid on or before the time fixed in the notice of sale, the property, or so much of it as may be necessary, will be sold in accordance with law and the notice.
- 30357. At any sale the board or its authorized agent shall sell the property in accordance with the law and the notice and shall deliver to the purchaser a bill of sale for the personal property and a deed for any real property sold. The bill of sale or deed vests title in the purchaser. The unsold portion of any property seized may be left at the place of sale at the risk of the taxpayer.

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1 30358. If upon any sale the moneys received exceed the amount due to the state from the taxpayer, the board shall return the excess to the taxpayer and obtain his or her receipt. If any person having an interest in or lien upon the property files with the 5 board prior to the sale notice of his or her interest or lien, the board 6 shall withhold payment of any excess pending a determination of the rights of the respective parties to the excess moneys by a court of competent jurisdiction. If for any reason the receipt of the 9 taxpayer is not available, the board shall deposit the excess moneys with the Controller, as trustee for the taxpayer, his or her heirs, 10 11 successors, or assigns.

- SEC. 11. Section 30436 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 30436. The following property, upon seizure by the board, is hereby forfeited to the State of California:
- (a) Cigarettes or tobacco products transported upon the highways, roads, or streets of this state in violation of the provisions of Section 30431 or Section 30432.
- (b) Cigarettes not contained in packages to which are affixed California cigarette tax stamp or meter impressions or tobacco products upon which the tobacco products surtax has not been paid, which are offered for sale, possessed, kept, stored, or owned by any person with the intent of the person to sell the cigarettes or tobacco products without payment of the taxes imposed by this part.
- (c) Any cigarette or tobacco product vending machine, together with the cigarettes, tobacco products, money or other contents thereof, which that has been loaded in whole or in part with packages of cigarettes which do not have California cigarette tax stamps or meter impressions affixed or tobacco products upon which the tobacco products surtax has not been paid.
- (d) Cigarettes contained in packages to which are affixed California cigarette tax stamps or meter impressions in violation of Section 30163.
- (e) Cigarettes or tobacco products to which are affixed 36 California cigarette tax stamps or meter impressions, or for which tax is paid pursuant to Sections 30123 and 30131.2, in violation of Section 30163.1, regardless of whether the violation is subject to the defense described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 30163.1.

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SEC. 12. Section 30449 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

- 30449. Any—(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c), any property, except money, forfeited to the state under this chapter shall be sold by the board at public auction. Notice of such sale shall be given by posting a written notice of the time and place of sale in three public places in the county where the property is to be sold for not less than five days nor more than ten 10 days before the sale. If the board is unable to sell any property forfeited to the state under this part or, if the board determines that the property is unsalable it may destroy such property.
- (b) Any property forfeited to the state pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 30436 shall be destroyed.
- (c) Any cigarettes forfeited to the state pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 30436 shall be destroyed.
- (d) Any cigarettes or tobacco products forfeited to the state pursuant to Division 8.6 (commencing with Section 22970) of the Business and Professions Code shall be destroyed.
- (e) A record shall be kept of all property destroyed pursuant to this section showing the nature of the property, the quantity, the reason for, and the manner of destruction. The proceeds of the sale and any money forfeited to the state shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the General Fund.
- SEC. 13. Section 30473.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 30473.5. (a) Any person who possesses, sells, or offers to sell, or buys or offers to buy, any false or fraudulent stamps or meter impressions provided for or authorized under this part with a tax value greater than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) is guilty of a misdemeanor. in a quantity of less than 2,000 is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or imprisonment not exceeding one year in a county jail, or by both the fine and imprisonment.
- (b) Any person who possesses, sells, or offers to sell, or buys or offers to buy any false or fraudulent stamps or meter impressions provided for or authorized under this part in a quantity of 2,000 or greater, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or imprisonment not exceeding one year in a county jail, or by both the fine and imprisonment. The court shall order any fines assessed be

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1 deposited in the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance 2 Fund.

- (c) The board shall destroy any stamps seized under this section.
- SEC. 14. Section 30474 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 30474. (a) Any person who knowingly possesses, or keeps, stores, or retains for the purpose of sale, or sells or offers to sell, any package of cigarettes to which there is not affixed the stamp or meter impression required to be affixed under this part, when those cigarettes have been obtained from any source whatever, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall for each offense be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or be imprisoned for not exceeding one year in a county jail, or be subject to both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. In
- (b) In addition to the fine or sentence, or both, each person convicted under this section shall pay one hundred dollars (\$100) for each carton of 200 cigarettes, or portion thereof, knowingly possessed, or kept, stored, or retained for the purpose of sale, or sold or offered for sale in violation of this section, as determined by the court. The court shall direct that 50 percent of the penalty assessed be transmitted to the local prosecuting jurisdiction, to be allocated for costs of prosecution, and 50 percent of the penalty assessed be transmitted to the State Board of Equalization.
- (c) This section does not apply to a licensed distributor that possesses, keeps, stores, or retains cigarettes before the necessary stamp or meter impression is affixed.
- SEC. 15. Section 30474.1 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 30474.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the sale or possession for sale of counterfeit tobacco products, or the sale or possession for sale of counterfeit cigarettes by a manufacturer, importer, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer shall result in the seizure of the product by the board or any law enforcement agency and shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable as follows:
- (1) A violation with a total quantity of less than two cartons of cigarettes shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or imprisonment not to exceed one year in a county jail, or both the fine and the

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imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation by the board of the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesale license.

- (2) A violation with a quantity of two cartons of cigarettes or more shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or imprisonment not to exceed one year in a county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment, and shall also result in the revocation by the board of the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler license.
- (b) A court shall consider a defendant's ability to pay when imposing fines pursuant to this section.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, counterfeit cigarette and tobacco products include cigarette and tobacco products that have false manufacturing labels or with counterfeit tax stamps or a combination thereof.
- (d) The board shall seize and destroy any cigarettes or other tobacco products forfeited to the state under this section.
- SEC. 16. Section 30481 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 30481. Any prosecution for violation of any of the penal provisions of this part shall be instituted within three six years after commission of the offense or within two years after the violation is discovered, whichever is later.
- SEC. 17. Section 30482 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 30482. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor or felony under this part may be charged the costs of investigation and prosecution at the discretion of the court.
- All moneys remitted to the board under this part shall be transmitted to the Treasurer who shall deposit it into the State Treasury and credit it to the Cigarette Tax Fund.
- SEC. 18. The amount of eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000) shall be appropriated from the Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund during the 2003–04 fiscal year to the State Board of Equalization for the purpose of implementing, enforcing, and administering the California Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003, subject to the following provisions:
- (a) Spending under the appropriation made by this subdivision shall be limited solely to revenues in the fund that are derived from fees imposed on cigarette and tobacco product manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors, importers, and retailers.

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(b) Of the total amount appropriated under this subdivision, five million four hundred thousand dollars (\$5,400,000) is available for reimbursement to the Department of Justice through an interagency agreement with the board for investigation and enforcement assistance.

- (c) The expenditure of any funds from the appropriation made by this subdivision shall require the prior approval of the Director of Finance. The amounts appropriated may be approved for expenditure on an allotment basis and shall be limited to the amounts necessary to carry out the operating and staffing plans for the implementation of the California Cigarette and Tobacco Products Licensing Act of 2003 as approved by the Department of Finance. The Department of Finance shall notify the Joint Legislative Budget Committee of its approval of any expenditure authorization within 10 days of that approval.
- SEC. 19. The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- SEC. 20. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.
- SEC. 21. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:
- In order to make the necessary statutory changes to address the economic losses associated with black market sales of cigarettes and tobacco products at the earliest possible time, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.